State Opioid Response (SOR) III Listening Session

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Community Services Division

Department of Health Care Services

Housekeeping

- » Sound check
- » If you have a technical question, please send a direct message to Courtney Kashiwagi from Aurrera Health Group
- » Today's meeting materials will be available following the webinar

Listening Session Format

DHCS would appreciate your feedback as we plan for the implementation of SOR III. DHCS will:

- 1. Provide a series of prompts to specify the types of feedback that would be helpful.
- 2. Solicit stakeholder feedback on each prompt.
- 3. DHCS will not respond to feedback during the Listening Session.
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How to Provide Feedback

- » Submit your feedback in writing:
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 - » Send an email to DHCSMATExpansion@dhcs.ca.gov Feedback on the topics addressed in this session will be accepted through June 8, 2022.

Public Health Emergency (PHE) Unwinding

- » The COVID-19 PHE will end soon and millions of Medi-Cal beneficiaries may lose their coverage.
- Top Goal of DHCS: Minimize beneficiary burden and promote continuity of coverage for our beneficiaries.
- » How you can help:
 - » Become a **DHCS Coverage Ambassador**
 - » Download the Outreach Toolkit on the DHCS Coverage Ambassador webpage
 - » Join the DHCS Coverage Ambassador mailing list to receive updated toolkits as they become available

DHCS PHE Unwind Communications Strategy

- Phase One: Encourage Beneficiaries to Update Contact Information
 - Launch immediately
 - Multi-channel communication campaign to encourage beneficiaries to update contact information with county offices.
 - » Flyers in provider/clinic offices, social media, call scripts, website banners
- Phase Two: Watch for Renewal Packets in the mail. Remember to update your contact information!
 - Launch 60 days prior to COVID-19 PHE termination.
 - Remind beneficiaries to watch for renewal packets in the mail and update contact information with county office if they have not done so yet.

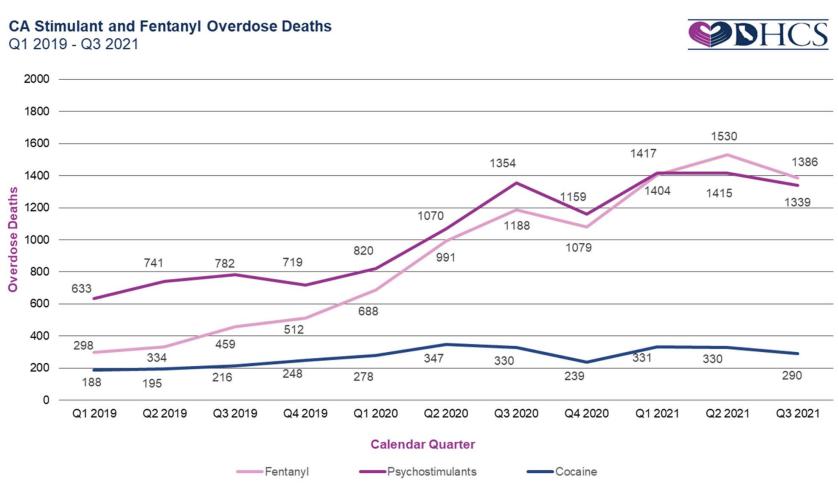
Agenda

- » Review of the opioid overdose crisis
- » Overview of State Opioid Response (SOR) II and the California Medication Assisted Treatment (MAT) Expansion Project
- » Stakeholder feedback on SOR III focus

Overdose Deaths Increased in 2020 and 2021

- » Overdose deaths significantly increased in 2020 and 2021, likely due to the compounding effects of COVID-19.
- » In California, over **10,000** people died from all-drug overdoses from October 2020 to September 2021.
 - » All drug-related overdose deaths increased by **70%** from September 2019 to September 2021.
- » Fentanyl is a major contributor to the growing rates of overdose deaths.
 - » In California, fentanyl accounted for **53%** of overdose deaths from October 2020 to September 2021.

Stimulant and Fentanyl Overdose Deaths



Data source: California Overdose Surveillance Dashboard | https://cdph.ca.gov/opioiddasboard/ | Data Represented: 2020 | Date Downloaded: 2/25/2022

MAT Expansion Project



Develop additional MAT locations



Provide MAT services to special or underserved populations



Transform entry points and create effective referrals into treatment



Develop processes to better manage high-risk transitions of care (e.g., jails or hospital re-entry)



Engage prescribers to increase provision of MAT



Prevent opioid misuse and opioid use disorder deaths

MAT Expansion Project by the Numbers

30+

projects

650+

Access points for MAT

1,200,000+

Naloxone units distributed

100,000+

New patients receiving MAT

75,000+

Overdose reversals

11,000+

Patients receiving stimulant treatment

MAT Expansion Project by the Numbers



community access points



11,000+ patients receiving stimulant treatment

hospitals/emergency departments



primary care sites





county jail systems



youth specific treatment sites

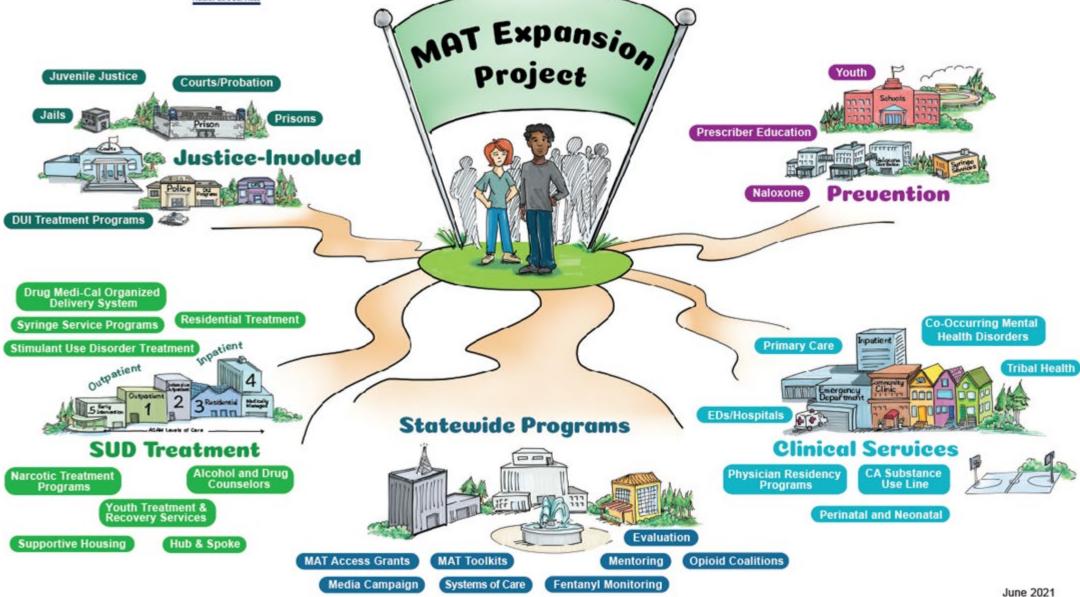
Indian health programs



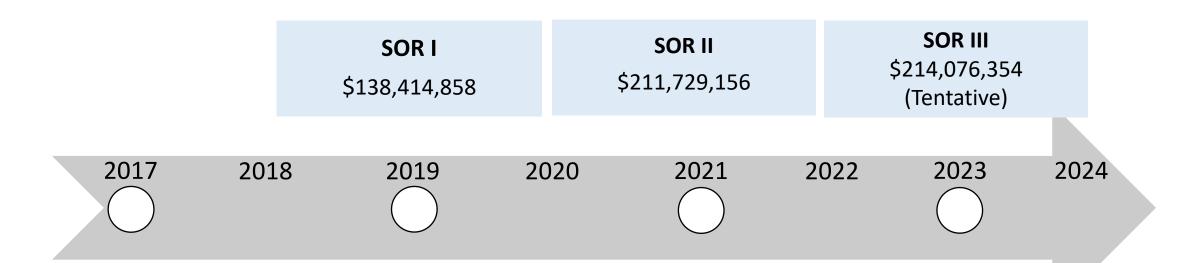
10 mental health & SUD clinics







State Opioid Response (SOR) Grants Timeline



STR*

\$89,499,542

^{*}Precursor to SOR grants

SOR III Overview

- » SOR III aims to build on the successes of SOR I and II to address the opioid crisis by:
 - » Increasing access to MAT and stimulant use disorder services (SOR II);
 - » Reducing unmet treatment need; and
 - » Reducing opioid overdose-related deaths through the provision of prevention, treatment, and recovery activities for opioid use disorder.
- » California's priorities include:
 - » Addressing Fentanyl
 - » Supporting prevention and early education
 - » Expanding harm reduction, treatment, and recovery
 - » Prioritizing vulnerable populations and health equity

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Fentanyl in the MAT Expansion Project

- » Developed a fentanyl reporting system.
- » Improved detection of fentanyl outbreaks.
- » Introduced emergency department staff to harm reduction practices.
- » Provided training in specialty and primary care settings for treating fentanyl use.
- » Prevention, treatment, and recovery activities for fentanyl use.

Feedback - Fentanyl

- » What strategies have been successful in preventing and reducing fentanyl overdose deaths and use?
- » What additional activities should DHCS support to prevent and reduce fentanyl overdose deaths and use?
- » How should DHCS expand its family-centered supports in preventing and reducing fentanyl overdose deaths and use?

Prevention & Education in the MAT Expansion Project

- » 1.2 billion media campaign impressions.
- » Funded Opioid Safety Coalitions throughout California that focus on increasing overdose prevention public awareness and education.
- » Developed educational materials on risks of opioid and stimulant use for youth.
- » Supported community-based organizations to conduct racially and culturally responsive prevention activities that will reduce stigma associated with MAT.

Feedback - Prevention & Education

» What additional prevention activities should DHCS support to prevent and reduce opioid (including fentanyl), stimulant, and co-occurring disorder related deaths?

Harm Reduction in the MAT Expansion Project

- » 21,000 patients received harm reduction services.
- » Naloxone
 - » Over **1,200,000** units of naloxone (Narcan) distributed.
 - » Reversed over **75,000** opioid overdoses.
 - » Provided naloxone training to recipients
- » Low-barrier access to treatment in 19 Syringe Services Programs.
- » Expanded options for discarding unwanted medications.

Feedback - Harm Reduction

» What additional harm reduction activities should DHCS support to prevent and reduce opioid (including fentanyl), stimulant, and co-occurring disorder related deaths?

Treatment in the MAT Expansion Project

- » More than **100,000** patients received MAT.
- » More than **41,000** patients received telehealth services.
- » More than 270 community access points for MAT or referral to MAT.
- » Expanded access to MAT in 206 hospital emergency departments.
- » Provided training and teleconsultation services for California clinicians evaluating and treating patients with SUD.
- » Expanded access to MAT through driving under the influence (DUI) programs.

Feedback - Treatment

» What additional treatment activities should DHCS support to prevent and reduce opioid (including fentanyl), stimulant, and co-occurring disorder related deaths?

Recovery in the MAT Expansion Project

- » Over **66,000** patients received recovery support services.
- » Developed new life skills curriculum programs for individuals in recovery.
- » Expanded supportive housing projects for individuals seeking treatment for opioid use disorder.
- » Trained justice-involved youth to provide recovery support to peers.

Feedback - Recovery

» What additional recovery activities should DHCS support to prevent and reduce opioid (including fentanyl), stimulant, and co-occurring disorder related deaths?

Vulnerable Populations in the MAT Expansion Project

- » Tribal MAT Project
 - » Integrated cultural and traditional healing and recovery practices.
 - » Supported health care providers in delivering culturally responsive, evidence-based treatment for opioid and stimulant use disorders in Indian Country.
 - » Developed approaches for Native harm reduction.
 - » Sharing of successful examples of Tribal and Urban Indian community health approaches.
- » TA for counties to expand access to MAT and treatment for psychostimulant use disorder in jails and drug courts.
 - » 17,000+ patients received MAT in 31 county jails.
- » Youth-focused MAT and opioid use disorder prevention, treatment, and recovery services.
 - » 22 sites specifically for youth.

Feedback - Vulnerable Populations

» What additional activities should DHCS support to advance health equity and meet the needs of vulnerable and marginalized populations with opioid use disorder, stimulant use disorder, and other co-occurring disorders?

Resources & Additional Feedback

» <u>CaliforniaMAT.org</u> includes information on each of the MAT Expansion Projects, latest project updates, and MAT-related resources.

To provide additional feedback: Email DHCSMATExpansion@dhcs.ca.gov by June 8, 2022.